

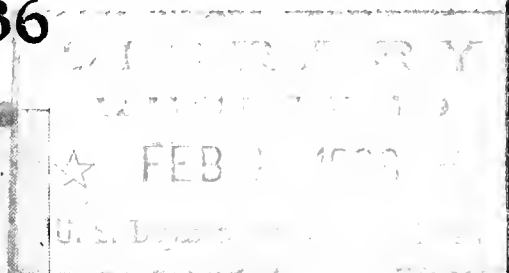
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62.9

Facts, Fads, Fashions For Flower Fans

Spring 1936



Ten Dollars for a Name for this New Glad
See Page Six

KAYLOR NURSERIES

Blaine, Washington

Glad Ramblings

The great wave of gardening interest that set in about the close of the World War, and grew rapidly thru the depression, has resulted in a big increase in the number of plant breeders and new varieties of flowers being offered gardeners.

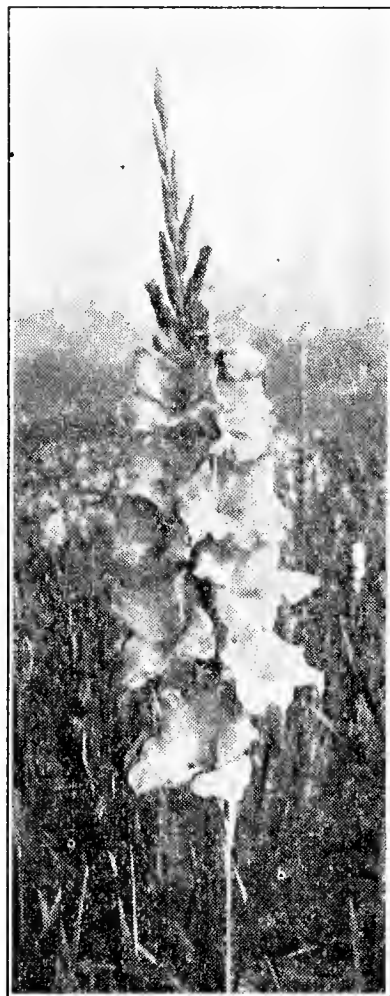
Perhaps no other flower attracted so many of these new plant breeders as did the Gladiolus. The resultant improvement has been so great that varieties listed as top notchers five or ten years ago are no longer carried by commercial growers—they have been displaced by newer and much finer kinds.

Gardeners in welcoming this new plant material should remember that it is perfectly natural for parents to think their kids are just about the finest ever. Hundreds of new flower kids have come into the picture. Naturally many of these home town boys were not so good when moved into some other climate. Because they had not been tested long enough, or in other parts of the country, they flopped.

A few years ago new Glads were introduced at from \$25 to \$300 per bulb. A variety that descended the price scale rapidly was not apt to find favor with those who had not seen it. The writer's opinion is that no Glad was ever worth \$100. Sales at this price were very limited.

Every year we grow several thousand new hybrids from crosses made the year previously. Perhaps ten out of every thousand are considered good enough to carry along. They are given a number, the geneology and a description written. In the fall the bulb and all its bulblets are harvested. The following year these are planted, after the number of bulblets has been noted. If the bulblets fail to germinate easily and grow properly, the whole lot is discarded. Why carry something that is too weak to win in a race that belongs to the strong as well as the beautiful?

By the third year the bulblets have reached blooming size. A few are sent to Glad fan friends in other parts of the country where they are tested out under other climatic conditions. By the time these tests are completed we have built up a good sized stock of the variety. The only way to get any financial return for the labor invested, is thru selling this stock. It is introduced at a price that will attract many customers. Most Glads that remain at a high price year after year are slow multipliers—weak somewhere. Picardy, surely a top notcher, has dropped in price like a tobaggan



Retah Schell

on an icy hill, and this too, in the face of an unprecedented demand for its bulbs. It's a rapid multiplier—has strength.

Last year we introduced Leschi, Retah Schell, Miss Pocotello and Robert Brownlee at from \$1.50 to \$2.00 each. This year they are down to 50c and 75c each. All are strong, rapid multipliers with good health habits. They have been tested here on Puget Sound for four years. We have good sized stocks, so why not give everybody a chance to enjoy their beauty?

That they have made good in other than their home town is shown by the following letters from those who grew them last year:

"Leschi was by far the best dark red I have ever grown. It wasn't very tall from my medium bulbs, but every spike was straight with perfect placement. I shall certainly want more of this variety next year. Miss Pocotello, Emeline Manning and Robert Brownlee were good and will be retained." Above from an advanced Glad Fan in one of the hottest parts of the South.

From a test garden in Wisconsin:

Robert Brownlee. 16 buds, 7 to 8 open, 4½ inch florets, straight, graceful spike with good facing and spacing, smoky brown with pale yellow throat.

Miss Pocotello, seven 3 inch florets open in 78 days. Slender, straight spike, a good orange.

Retah Schell, eight 5½ inch florets open. Foliage very high and healthy, vigorous, straight.

Leschi, nine to ten open, 5½ inch florets. Spike heavy and straight. Very good facing and spacing. Won two prizes at state show with this from small bulbs.

This from an advanced fan at Spokane:

"I am glad to report excellent results from the glad bulbs which I ordered last spring and wish to especially thank you for the "Miss Pocotello" which you enclosed, asking for a report. The little lady did well over here and is a beautiful glad, well opened, nicely spaced, and perfectly faced.

I have to confess, however, that your "Retah Schell" so completely captured my fancy, as to overshadow every other glad in my garden. In my opinion it is in a class by itself and an outstanding achievement in glad development." L.E.R.

And here is one from a commercial grower at Lewiston, Idaho—a competitor:

"Will hand Leschi a good boost. It looked plenty good and a lot better than most of the highly-publicized dark varieties. Stands heat well, especially for so dark a color. Size of flower is good and it has good habits in every way. I hope you are able to get this Glad distributed as widely as it deserves."

Our own records show Retah Schell to be an exhibition type growing up to five feet tall with 20 to 22 buds, ten to twelve open. Florets 5½ inches. Texture of the best, color deeper pink with just enough orange overcast on lower petals to give it distinction. Price for 1936, 75c each.

Leschi, exhibition type, not so tall as Retah Schell, but the same sturdy growth. Up to ten wide open florets of a clear deep maroon red and an almost black spot deep in the throat. Very heavy texture with a velvety sheen. Price 50c.

Miss Pocotello, "the little lady in orange and lavender." Tall, willowy stems carrying six or more wide open florets, three inches in diameter. An orange with lavender edgings which deepen in color as flower ages. Fine basket flower. Price 50c.

Robert Brownlee, medium size decorative in a purplish brown tone with

straw markings in the throat. Florets are nearly always triangular in shape with six open.. Price 75c.

Above prices are for bulbs one inch or more in diameter and probably will be maintained thru the season of 1937.

In addition to these, there are four other Kaylor Glads that have made a place for themselves in many parts of the country during the past five years.

Yakima Apricot. Outer edges are the red of a tree-ripened apricot, softening to a yellow throat. Very early, four to five open on a tall, slender stem that makes it ideal as a basket flower. 2—15; 12—65c.

Emeline Manning, the most rose-like buds of any Glad you have ever seen. They are golden and open a cup shaped yellow flower with faint pink tones. Five to seven open on a five foot spike. Arrange them in a large basket with some good deep pink variety. 2—15c; 12—65c.

Laughing Lassie. Some folks vote this the very best of the rose-pink Glads. It has been grown five feet high with eight open. Always strong with perfect placement and a happy, saucy personality. 2—15c; 12—65c.

Semiahmoo. A somewhat "difficult kid," that once in a while fails to do his best, which is a tall sturdy spike carrying up to ten cup-shaped florets open at once. Color is purple brown favoring



Robert Brownlee



Leschi

the red shades with a faint straw colored feather in the throat. 1—15c; 2—25c.

One customer writes: "I was a little afraid to try Semiahmoo, but bought two bulbs and planted them at the back of the garden. It was too beautiful for words, attracted the attention of every visitor and I think you are unfair to it when you say it is difficult."

Blooming Dates

In reply to the numerous requests we receive for blooming date information, we wish to state it is hard for us to give accurate time. Being so far north, Puget Sound has very long summer days with cool nights. It would seem this would hasten blooming, but such is not the case. Bulbs brought here from eastern or southern districts must become acclimated and we have had such imported bulbs fail to bloom the first year under our conditions.

The reverse seems to be the case with Puget Sound grown bulbs sent to other parts of the country where the days are shorter and hotter. Blooming dates are sometimes cut five to ten days shorter. Plant breeders usually prefer moving nursery stock south rather than north and persons wishing to have Glads

bloom on any given date should give careful consideration to the source of the bulbs and make allowance for the retarding or accelerating influence of climate.

Why Non-Irrigated Bulbs?

Many letters received from customers prove our claim that non-irrigated bulbs are superior to those grown with plenty of water. Irrigation would be the ideal way of growing bulbs, provided the grower would cut down the "drinks" given his fields; but the temptation to water is too strong. If the home gardener has plenty of water available, the irrigated bulbs are Ok, but if he has to produce flowers without irrigation; well it's too bad for the bulb that has too much drink. The non-irrigated bulb will stand up and take it, water or not. All our bulbs and plants are grown without irrigation. Let one of our customers tell the story:

"My 1935 Glad experience proves you right in claiming your non-irrigated bulbs superior to those grown with irrigation. Here are a few results from your bulbs: Minuet, four feet six inches, Mother Machree just a little less than five feet, Commander Koehl, one inch less than six feet, a flower head 32 inches long, 28 buds, six open, with three side spikes two of which were 24 inches long from where they joined the main stem. I used water and some well rotted cow manure, but the same treatment given bulbs from other parts of the United States did not give anything like such results as were obtained from your bulbs. H. B. J.

We Celebrate Ten Years

Ten years ago we started this nursery. It was so terribly small that our first catalog could be enclosed in a letter without having to pay extra postage. Most of the items listed were Glads and one can judge the rapid improvement made in this most beautiful flower by the fact that of those listed ten years ago not one is now carried by us. They have been discarded for improved varieties developed since 1925.

While still a long way from being a "big" nursery, we feel we have made considerable growth. The thing responsible for this is that folks believed our statement—"In quality, a bit more careful than seems necessary," took a chance and sent us their orders. That we made good is shown by the fact that most of those who have taken the chance have continued to favor us with their business. We thank them.

The home gardener is the fellow we want to please—we do very little wholesaling. In Glads and Tulips especially,

we believe we offer the home gardener the largest and best selected list of varieties of any grower in this state. The Peony list contains most of the high grade varieties. We test out everything we offer and believe every item is good.

If you are one of those who have never sent us an order, remember now is a good time to start. We hope to enroll you as one of our satisfied customers—all of whom we feel are our friends.



Miss Pocotello

Some Garden Donts

If you plant Glads or Peonies in the shade or where they will have to fight tree roots for a living, dont expect them to give you fine flowers. Tulips and Narcissi will do for these places—they are thru blooming by the time the trees make heavy demands upon the soil.

Dont over-fertilize or over-water Glads or Peonies. Most folks do both. Never use fresh manure on any perennial or bulb bed. If you have fairly good garden soil, work it deeply, mixing in old manure or a complete fertilizer.

Dont crowd. Three times the diameter of the bulb apart in the row with rows 15 to 18 inches apart is a good plan. A safe rule is three times the diameter of the bulbs deep. This does not apply to lilies.

Dont let the weeds grow, in fact keep cultivating so frequently they do not start.

Dont let bulbous plants set seed. Tulip and Narcissi bloom should be removed before the petals fall. Glads should be cut as soon as the second flower opens, and removed to a jar of water in the house. They bloom much better this way and the plant has a chance to develop a good bulb for next season. Dont cut off the leaves.

Dont have to plant all your Glads at one time. This is fine if you plant all three sizes. We begin planting in late March and finish about June 1.

Dont plant untreated Glads. In the ten years we have been buying bulbs we have never yet received a shipment that was entirely disease free—and we have had them from all over the world. All our bulbs are treated at harvest time. If you buy from a grower who does not do this, or you have bulbs left over from last year, give them a soaking and plant while still wet. One ounce of Bichloride of Mercury dissolved in seven gallons of water is good. Good plan is to remove all the shucks before treating. Burn the shucks. Every gardener knows he has to spray or otherwise fight plant diseases and bugs, so why not use some care with Glads?

Dont be scared stiff about thrips. If we have ever had one on the place we do not know it—and one usually does. Think our fall treating in lime-sulphur and our care with all bulbs brought in from other districts is responsible. Should thrips show up—they can come in from the neighbor's garden—it will be necessary to spray. We do not know much about this, but the spray recommended is one ounce of Paris Green, two pounds of brown sugar and three gallons of water. Use considerable force and repeat about every week.

Dont delay digging the Glads until they die down. Here on Puget Sound if they die down before frost it is a sign of disease. They are ready to dig in about six weeks after blooming. We start about October 1. Shake off the soil, cut off the top, close up, and spread the bulbs in shallow trays—wire screen bottoms if possible. We believe sun curing is as injurious to Glads as it is to Tulips and Narcissi. Dry as rapidly as possible but in a well ventilated place under cover. Remove old bulbs and roots as soon as they will snap off and store the bulbs in a cool frost proof place. Stir them up a few times during the winter.

Dont expect to grow Tulips, Crocus, Lilies and some other bulbs in the same bed with moles and mice. Get rid of the animals or they will get the bulbs.

No positive evidence that moles eat vegetable food, but they open the way for the mice. Trap the moles or feed them, as well as the mice, with a bait made of two pounds rolled oats, two pounds whole wheat, two pounds seedless raisins and one-eighth ounce strychnine. Chop the raisins, mix the other items with them. Don't touch with your hands—use a stick or spoon. Open the mole run, drop in a bait about the size of a marble, cover with a small board and mound up with earth. Put out lots of baits, especially around the edge of the field.

Ten Dollars For a Glad Name

The price placed on this new one is \$1.00 per bulb. Every purchaser is entitled to submit a name, also all those buying \$2.00 worth of any other material from this catalog. Contest closes next November.

Making its bow to the world without a name, we are introducing a new Glad this year and offering Ten Dollars worth of nursery stock—winner's selection—for a name for the new kid.

It's a light red and yellow, but a most striking shading of these two colors. Been much admired in our garden, also in eastern tests. There are narrow white medial lines thru the outer edges of light red. A broad band of yellow across lower petals, sprinkled with red spots. Five to seven large, wide-open florets on a tall thrifty stem.

Terms and Discounts

References:

Citizens Bank of Blaine.

First National Bank of Ferndale.

Prices quoted are for cash with order or C. O. D.

On orders for less than \$1.00, please add 10c for postage.

Customers outside the U. S. A. will please send whatever import papers their countries require.

We guarantee our stock to be as represented, but as many elements beyond our control enter into the production of crops, our responsibility does not extend beyond first cost of stock purchased.

Remit by money order or check. Be sure your envelope carries a return address. U. S. postal employees are honest, but sometimes letters do go astray. Just apt to be yours with bills or stamps enclosed and we do not like to have to tell folks their letters "went haywire." If you send us an order and do not receive the goods within a reasonable time, write us and give us a chance to straighten it out.

Visit Our Nursery

Visit our nursery any time. About one mile east of Blaine's main street. Drive in over either D or H streets—there are no gates to open. Daffodils, Tulips, Iris, and Peonies in April, May and June. Gladioli, Chrysanthemums, and Dahlias from July to November; with perennials and Lilies all thru the summer season.

All-Season Bloomer Glad Collections

Made up of about equal numbers of large, medium and small bulbs for early, mid-season and late bloom. Lots of flowers over a long season and just the thing for those folks who are too busy to bother with names. Even 'dyed-in-the-wool' Glad fans get a big kick out of speculating over what's coming.

We advertise this by quoting letters from those who have purchased it during the years since it was introduced.

"Your A. S. B. collection was certainly a grand bunch. I do not see how you can sell them for so little money." Mrs. R. H., Washington.

"I have been getting your A. S. B. collections for three years and like it so well that I am ordering another for this year." Mrs. J. W., Washington.

"About three-fourths of the A. S. B. Glads received have already blossomed and they have been gorgeous. I have

never had prettier Glads. They are very large and the colors unusually good for a mixture." Mrs. P. A. S., Havana, Cuba, March 24th, 1935. These bulbs were planted December 1, 1934, and in September, 1935, Mrs. S. sent us an order for a larger number of the same kind of bulbs.

"My A. S. B. Glads were splendid. I have just cut the last one—Oct. 18, 1935—and I must say I have never seen such splendid Glads. Many thanks for such fine bulbs." Mrs. W. H. McG., Washington.

Postage paid to Fourth Zone. If beyond that point, add ten per cent extra for transportation.

75 A. S. B. Bulbs.....	\$1.00
100 A. S. B. Bulbs.....	\$1.25
500 A. S. B. Bulbs.....	\$4.50
1,000 A. S. B. Bulbs.....	\$7.50

General List Of Choice Gladioli

PRICES: Where prices are not given following description, the price will be two bulbs of a kind for ten cents, three for 15 cents, seven for 30c, twelve for 50c, 28 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.25. In all cases this means for this number of one variety.

Medium and small bulbs: Prices quoted in this list are for large bulbs, 1¼ inches or larger. Medium bulbs, ¾ inch or larger, at three-fourths the large bulb price with small bulbs, one-half inch or larger, at half the large bulb price. Provided that no single item of any order is for less than 15c.

Washington Customers, Please Add Sales Tax.

Some abbreviations have been used as follows: Originators, Betch.—Betcher; C.—Coleman; Carp.—Carpenter; D.—Diener; Horn.—Hornberger; K.—Kundred; Pal.—Palmer; Pur.—Purple; Pf.—Pfitzer; Sal.—Salbach; Lem.—Lemoine.

Type: Dec.—Decorative—spikes of medium size with four or more open florets; more attractive for their charm than for size. Ex.—Exhibition—large florets on tall and heavy spikes. P. before Ex. or Dec. means this flower shows primulinus blood.

Sea.—Season—refers to the blooming period; early, etc.

Sub.—Substance—refers to texture; A.—Heavy; B.—Medium; C.—Light.

Health—a new feature in a Glad catalog: Refers to variety's disease resistance, bulblet production, bulblet germination, and its general growth.

Order early—stock limited on many kinds.

Opinions and ratings are those gained by experience in growing the varieties mentioned on Puget Sound.

We do not substitute varieties but reserve the right to send equal value in next size where we are out of size ordered.

Variety — Originator — Color	Type	Sea.	Size	Sub.	Health
Aida , Pf., deep violet blue with maroon blotch. Very early. 2-15c; 5-30c.	Dec.	E	M	B	C
Ave Maria , Pf., somewhat lighter in color than Aida but larger and better: 2-15c; 5-30c.	E-Dec.	E	L	B	B
Attention , Blake, peach and red or salmon-orange with a yellow throat. 1-25c.	Ex.	E	M	B	A
A. E. Amos , Mair, very light lavender, cream throat, bordered with lavender line. Good. 1-15c; 3-40c.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
Aflame , Horn., Begonia rose. Large flaring florets on tall spike, six open.	Ex.	EM	L	B	A
Albatros , Pf., pure white. A grand glad of glistering whiteness.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
Blue Moon , Blake, medium violet, purple plume in throat. 2-20c.	Dec.	E	M	B	A
Bagdad , Palmer, old rose, deeper at edges, lighter in throat, faint creamy blotch, slightly smokey. 2-15c.	E-Dec	M	L	B	B
Bronze Maid , Ellis, brownish red, purple throat.	Ex.	M	M	B	C
Betty Nuthall , Sal., orange pink. Tall with six glowing florets. Pale orange throat.	Ex.	L	L	A	A
Bertie Snow , Mair., lavender. We prefer it to Minuet which it greatly resembles.	Ex.-Dec.	M	M	A	A
Charles Dickens , Pf., purple red. Wins the prizes in the purple class.	Ex.	M	M	A	A
Cecil , Mair, salmon-scarlet with a purplish sheen and a yellow throat. 1-15c; 3-40c.	Dec.	M	M	B	C
Canberra , Erry, yellow. Buds greenish, turns light golden. Very strong grower.	Ex.	L	L	A	A
Coryphee , Pf., light pink. Strawberries with lots of cream.	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Comrade , Mair., slaty salmon. An unusual combination of slaty purple and salmon. L. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Ex.	M	M	B	B

KAYLOR NURSERIES, BLAINE, WASHINGTON

Variety — Originator — Color	Type	Sea.	Size	Sub.	Health
Champlain , Pal. A new blue of about the same size and color as Heav enly Blue but of far better health habits. 1-60c.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Commander Koehl , Pf., blood red. A monster of unusual bright red that wins prizes. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Dr. F. E. Bennett , D., scarlet. The "house afire" red with many open on good spike	Ex.	M	M	A	A
Dutchess of York , Mair, ashy salmon. Combination of colors gives a purple-brown cast. A beauty.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
Emeline Manning , Kaylor, yellow. Buds are long, pointed and unroll like a rose into a deep cupped flower of yellow, not gold, with a faint pinkish blush which grows deeper. Five foot spike with up to six open. 1-15c; 4-50c.	Dec.	EM	M	A	A
Emile Aubrun , Lem. smoky deep rose. Rich rose, cherry throat, striking, many open	Ex.	M	L	A	B
Eugenie , Blake, deep rose with yellow throat. Striking. 1-20c.	E-Dec.	E	M	B	B
Erica Morini , Pf., light red, similar to, but deeper than Triumph. Ruffled. 1-50c.	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Fata Morgana , Pf., peach blossom pink shading to light amber throat. Fine. 2-20c.	Ex.	E	L	B	A
Field Marshal , Mair, just a little hard to grow but well worth the effort. Purplish red smokey in a class by itself. 1-25c.	Ex.	M	M	B	C
Graf Zepperlin , Pf., almost self color of deep bright scarlet.	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Grand Slam , Sal., orange sport of Pf. Triumph. 1-12c.	Ex.	M-L	L	B	A
Golden Dream , Crow, yellow. Has held place of leading golden yellow for some years.	P. Ex.	L	L	A	A
Goldfinch , Crow, golden. Deeper than Golden Dream but not quite so large.	P. Ex.	EM	L	A	A
Gloriana , Betch., apricot salmon. Pastel shades in warm tones, a beauty.	Dec.	M	M	B	B
Gertrude , Mair, deep salmon. Has a warm salmon-purple-smoky shade that's pleasing. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Heruclues , Crow, orange buds that open almost self buff. 1-75c.	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Heavenly Blue , Pf., violet blue. A little hard to grow, but nothing like it in its color.	Dec.	M	M	B	B
Hinemoa , Doney, deep rose red. Odd shade of deep rose red, yellow throat and white wire edge. 1-12c.	Ex.	M	L	A	B
Janet , Crow, smoky-purplish rose. No other glad of just this color and you will like it if these colors appeal. Stands rain well.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Jessie , Mair, bright pink. Sometimes comes with deeper flecking. Large white blotch in throat. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Ex. Dec.	M	L	A	A
King George , Mair, scarlet. Very tall and needs staking. Brilliant scarlet, large, white throat.	Ex.	M	L	A	B
LaPaloma , Dusinbere, orange. Deep orange, just a little dull, but a prize winner.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Laughing Lassie , Kaylor, rose pink. Because of the cerese pink tones in this we were going to give it a name with this word in it, and then decided there were too many glads with color name. Bright and laughing rosy-cerese pink with some yellow in the throat. Up to five feet tall with six to eight open. It likes water. 2-15c 12-65c.	Dec.	EM	M	A	A

KAYLOR NURSERIES, BLAINE, WASHINGTON

Variety — Originator — Color	Type	Sea.	Size	Sub.	Health
Leschi , Kaylor. Dark maroon red with black blotch deep in throat. Heavy velvety texture. Medium tall. Six to ten open. Declared by many experts to be best dark red known. Prizes wherever shown. 50c each.	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Lewis Hemon , Lem. red and yellow. Everybody notices it and laughs at its clownish ways. Florets come "all around the farm" and upright. 2-15c.	Dec.	M	M	A	B
Loyalty , Austin. Clear, deep yellow of good size. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Dec.	M	L	A	A
Maid of Orleans , Pf., white. Many folks consider it the world's best white. 2-20c.	Ex.	LM	L	B	B
Mammoth White , Pf., cream white. Monster flower on good spike makes it win many prizes.	Ex.	M	L	A	B
Mary Pickford , K., white. We hold on to this because it is the best of the early creamy whites	Dec.	E	M	B	A
Marmora , Erry, lavender. Gray lavender brightened by purple blotch. Hard to beat.	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Margaret Fulton , Ogrodnichuk. Six perfectly placed, medium size cup shaped florets open at once on medium tall spike. A clear, deep salmon pink of heavy texture and a beauty. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Dec.	M	M	A	B
Mildred Louise , Wentworth. Strawberry pink with some yellow in the throat. Similar to Picardy in shape and growing habit but of deeper color. 1-20c; 3-55c.	Ex.	M	L	B	A
Minuet , Coleman, lavender. The most popular in its class. Prize winner.	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Miss Pocotello , Kaylor. The little lady in orange with lavender trimmings. Six three-inch wide open florets on long slender stems. Fine basket flower. 50c each.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Mountain Rose , Blake, an early rose lavender of fine form. 1-20c; 3-40c.	Dec.	E	M	B	B
Mother Machree , Stevens, lavender. Grey lavender and orange tints make it one of the most attractive of the smokies. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
Morrocco , Pf., purple red. Very dark red, flecked black. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Ex.	M	M	A	B
Mrs. T. E. Langford , about the most beautiful of peaches and cream glads. 1-15c; 3-40c.	Dec.	LM	M	B	B
Mr. Wm. Cuthbertson , Mair, salmon and rose pink, white throat, very ruffled. Considered by many to be Mair's best. 1-15c.	E Dec.	EM	M	B	B
Mrs. Leon Douglas , D., old rose. Widly grown because of size and old rose-scarlet color.	Ex.	M	L	B	A
Mrs. Von Konyenberg , Pf., blue. About the most satisfactory of the lighter blues.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
Moon Maiden , Steves, lavender. Pale, blushed lavender pink with a faint yellow throat. Tall, sturdy and has several prizes to its credit. 1-20c; 3-50c.	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Ohio State , Austin, pink. Away earlier than any other we grow. Rose pink with cream throat.	Ex.	E	L	B	A

KAYLOR NURSERIES, BLAINE, WASHINGTON

Orange King , Steves, orange. In our opinion this is the nearest to true orange of any Glad we have ever seen. Florets are slightly hooded on a tall, straight spike with eight or more open and a dozen to come. 1-20c; 3-50c.	Ex.	EM	L	A	A
Orange Lady , Steves, Shows some prim blood in its slightly hooded florets and its pastel shades of light orange, pinkish blush and yellow throat. Award of merit British Gladiolus Society. First prize Tacoma, 1934. 1-20c; 3-50c.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Orange Sovereign , Steves, buff orange. One bulb sent to England in 1932 produced a spike that won an award of merit at British Gladiolus show. Lighter in color than Orange King. Heavy texture and good keeping qualities. 1-25c.	Ex.	EM	L	A	A
Pagan , D., purple. listed by but few growers but we consider it one of the best purples.	Ex.	M	M	A	A
Paul Pfitzer , Pf., purple red. Almost same shade as Purple Glory, but wider open	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Pelegrini , Pf., deep violet blue. The best in its color. 1-15c; 3-40c.	Ex.	E	L	A	B
Persia , dark red. About every other year we have to drop this out of catalog to catch up with demand.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Pfitzer's Triumph , Pf., flame. Very large floret, flaming scarlet, cherry throat. Does well from small bulbs.	Ex.	M	L	B	B
Philomela , Steves, light scarlet, yellow throat, striking. 1-20c.	E. Dec.	M	L	B	B
Pirate , Pal. Dark rose-red. Five or more large, wide open florets on tall stem. 1-15c; 5-60c.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Picardy , Pal., salmon pink. With us this is more cream pink than salmon pink. It's a wonder flower and wins most of the prizes.	Ex.	EM	L	A	A
Prairie Gold , Corrington. The deepest golden yellow we have ever grown. Four to six open on medium spike. A new variety with many prizes to its credit. \$5.00 each.	Dec.	M	M	A	B
Princess Yaada , Steves, apricot. A fine prim-grand in apricot tinted pink with some yellow in the throat. Will open eight with a dozen more to come. 1-20c; 3-50c.	P-Ex.	M	M	A	A
Queen Helen II , Sal., pink, yellow blotch with carmine feather. Far better for northern gardens than its parents, Betty Nuthall and Helen Jacobs. 1-20c.	Ex.	E	L	A	A
Red Lory , Errey, rose-carmine, large purple-red blotches. If you like big ones this will catch your eye. Many prizes. 2-25c; 5-50c.	Ex.	L	L	B	A
Retah Schell , Kaylor. One of the tallest growing of the pink Glads—a touch of cream and orange in throat. 8 to 12 5½ inch flowers with plenty more to come. 75c each	Ex.	M	L	A	A
Robert Brownlee , Kaylor. A purple and yellow blending that gives a purple-brown effect. Six open on medium length spike. Attracts attention from those who like the deeper colors. 75c each.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Roi Albert , Lem., odd, copper-salmon smokey. Catches the eye. 2-12c.	E. Dec.	M	M	B	B

KAYLOR NURSERIES, BLAINE, WASHINGTON

Variety — Originator — Color	Type	Sea.	Size	Sub.	Health
Rose Ashe , D., ashes of roses; popular smoky.	E Dec.	LM	M	B	B
Salbach's Orchid , Sal., lavender. More pink in its makeup than in Minuet or Bertie Snow but in the same class. 2-15c; 12-65c..	Ex.	EM	L	B	A
Semiahmoo , Kaylor, redish purple. This is a tempermental boy and sometimes if weather and soil do not suit him he rather "lays down" and will not do his best, which is a tall, strong stem with up to eleven perfectly placed florets of a purplish red shading lighter to the throat. Overcast a dusky, smoky tone. 1-15c; 2-25c.	Ex.	L	M	A	B
Schwaben Maiden , Pf., almost pure pink and very fine. 1-15c; 3-40c.	E. Dec.	E	L	B	B
Solveig , Dec., white. Created lots of excitement when first shown. Pure ruffled white with carmine-cerise blotch. Needs "babying." 1-\$1.50.	E. Dec.	LM	M	A	B
Swansdown , Blake, white, almost a self-color of lacy daintiness. 1-50c.	Dec.	EM	M	B	B
Sunset Cloud , Steves, white shading to deep rose pink at edges. Many open. 1-20c.	Ex.	EM	L	B	B
Spirit of St. Louis , D., orange. More red than yellow in its orange.	Dec.	EM	M	B	A
Steveston Campfire , Steves, red? Oh boy but its red. One of the best red forcers.	P.	EM	M	B	A
Sunshine Susie , Steves, orange. Because of its orange tinted pink color, its earliness and general excellence, this Glad is destined to put many of those in this color class out of the running. 1-20c; 3-50c.	Dec. Ex.	E	M	A	A
Tutanekai , Doney, Australian novelty. Combination of rosy red, orange and smoky brown. 1-20c.	Ex.	M	M	B	B
W. H. Phipps , D. La France pink. Large number open, beautiful color, but a little soft in texture.	Ex.	L	L	C	B
Wings of the Morning , M-Blake, pink, lighter throat with brilliant crimson-carmine feather. 1-12c; 10-50c.	Ex.	EM	L	A	B
Wolfgang Von Goethe , Pf., raspberry red, brilliant and does well from small bulbs. Very good. 1-20c; 3-50c.	Ex.	E	L	B	B
Wasaga , Pal. Four to six medium size florets open on a medium height spike. Not large in any way, but a most beautiful soft buff in color. Unlike any other Glad. 1-20c; 3-55c.	Dec.	M	M	A	A
Yakima Apricot , Kaylor, orange apricot. Last in the list but very high in the opinion of those who have seen it. Buds are greenish yellow, open yellow and ripen into red apricot-orange. Color deepens as flower ages. First prize winner Seattle, 1933. 2-15c; 12-65c.	Dec.	EM	M	A	A

Remember, we are growers who produce every item we sell—its American grown, of high quality. In buying American, be sure the stock is grown in this country—much of that offered you is foreign produced and the greater part of your dollar goes abroad to help out some other country.

Except as otherwise noted, we pay postage.

If you are not satisfied, send 'em back and get your money.

Washington Customers, Please Add Sales Tax.

Choice Dahlias

Here is a select list of Dahlias, every-one a winner and in a range of colors that should be pleasing. We guarantee every tuber to grow. If it fails to come up, send it back and we will replace it or send you something of equal value. Cannot always be sure about the germination of a Dahlia when it is dormant.

Unless otherwise noted prices are 20c per single tuber with three of a kind 55c. We have small stocks of other varieties.

Al Koran, I. D. amber yellow, large, full, with strong stems. 30c.

Amun Ra, F. D., tall grower with large copper-bronze flowers in great profusion.

Alex Walde (D) a big cream and gold flower with shadings of pink.

A. D. Lavoni, (S) deep pink, reliable.

Cigarette (S-C) very large, scarlet, tipped white at ends.

Coffee Ball, (S) Rightly named. Large, beautiful light coffee color, a good bloomer.

Champoeg, D, one of the most beautiful combinations of light, waxy yellow with pink tips imaginable. Very large. 50c.

F. W. Schief, orange.

Golden Queen, (C) beautiful golden yellow.

Jane Cowl, D, one of the largest. A glistening gold-bonze-buff combination with twisted center petals.

J. H. Jackson (C) deep maroon.

Jack London (D) brilliant bright red.

Jersey Beauty (D) a prize winner in any show, large, true pink, on long stems.

Kremhilde (C) very fine, pink and white.

Monmouth Champion, I. D., tall, sturdy plant, and it needs to be to carry its many immense flame colored blossoms.

Mrs Ida Ver Warner, I. D. deep lavender with rose tints.

Margaret W. Wilson, I. D., very large creamy-white with a lavender opalescence.

Mariposa, Hybrid Cactus of perfect form—long, narrow, twisted petals built up into a high crowned flower of beautiful lavender pink.

Millionaire (D) large, light lavender shading to white center.

Mrs. Carl Salbach (D) its long, strong stems carry very large lavender pink flowers.

Oregon Sunset, (P) golden with reddish brown,

Perriot (C) long petals of amber, usually tipped white.

Rose Fallon, D, very tall plant, long strong stems carrying large golden-cop-

per flowers. Very full, one of the best, but better stake with strong bean pole if exposed to the wind.

Souvenir De Gustav Doazon (D) large, orange scarlet.

The Grizzly (D) large, rich crimson maroon.

White Swan, pom pom.

Winnefred, small pompom of brilliant red. Long stems and loads of flowers.

German Iris

Can be depended upon for masses of delicately shaded flowers thru June. They like full sunlight and do well in even poor soil. Plant July to April 1.

Prices, unless otherwise noted, single plants are 10c or three of a kind, 20c.

Ambassadeur, very tall, smoky bronze with dark maroon falls. 20c.

A. E. Kundred, bronzy yellow tinged magenta, fragrant.

Argynnis, yellow, falls dark violet carmine.

Alcazar, tall, smoky light blue with deep purple falls.

Dijah, two shades of silvery lavender blue, a tall and beautiful flower.

Dream, lovely pink-violet.

Eldorado, a blending of bronze heliotrope and purple.

Flavescens, sulphur yellow, sweet scented.

Florentina Alba, or Silver King, early white flushed with lavender, fragrant.

Isolene, light lavender, falls much deeper and veined yellow at base.

Jaunita, very tall, clear blue, fragrant.

Mary Gibson, tall, light bronze, falls old rose and bronze, distinctive.

Medrano, rare, dark smoky claret, large, late,

Mithras, yellow and wine-red edged gold.

Pallida Dalmatica, tall, sturdy plant of lavender-blue.

Perfection, light blue and dark violet.

Purple King, blueish mauve, falls edged redish purple.

Queen of May, light mauve, falls deeper, early. 15c.

Rev. A. H. Wertle, purple and purple bronze.

Seminole, soft violet-rose, falls crimson, 15c.

Susan Bliss, very tall, uniform shade of deep rose-pink.

W. J. Freyer, bright yellow, falls maroon

Walhalla, lavender and wine-red.

Washington Customers, Please Add Sales Tax.

Hardy Perennials

Our perennial plants are grown on sandy loam soil and have well developed roots. Unless otherwise noted, one year plants, blooming size, that will soon grow into large specimens, are 15c each, three of a kind 40c.

In some cases we can supply large specimen plants at a relative low price. Write us about them.

Arabis, Rosea. Compact masses of evergreen foliage covered in early summer with many rosetts of pink flowers.

Achillea Filipendula. Tufts of fern-like leaves surrounding 30-inch stems bearing large, broad, flat yellow flowers.

Achillea, the pearl, pure white double flowers blooming all summer.

Achillea, Boule de Neige, 18 inches high; more compact flower heads than the Pearl.

Achillea, Mill. Roseum. Rosy-pink flowers over a long season. Evergreen, two feet.

Artemisia, Silver Beauty. One of the best of the Ghost plants. Stems and leaves a grey-silver, about 24 inches. Fine for landscape or cutting. 20c.

Artemisia, Silver King. The best known of the Ghost plants. Silver-grey, more spreading than Silver Beauty. 20c.

Astilbe. Plants about 18 inches high covered over a long season with plumes of pink and white flowers on long stems.

Alyssum Basket of Gold... Masses of golden flowers on six inch stems early in the spring.

Armeria, Maritima, tufts of deep green foliage three to six inches. Deep pink flowers.

Arabis, Alpine Flore Pleno, Double Rock Cress. Double pure white flowers produced in masses. Fine border or rockery plant.

Aster, Farreri, beautiful rich violet petals surrounding a high crowned center of deep orange. Two to three inch flowers on stiff 15 inch stems. Profuse bloomer over a long season. A new novelty.

Aubrietia, dainty and beautiful rock or border plant, blooming over a long season. It is of spreading habit and forms a carpet of green leaves above which many lavender-violet blossoms show.

Campanula, Persicifolia. Peach Bells. Fine border plant, 2 to 3 feet, bearing many cup-shaped blue flowers in July.

Carnation. Hardy white. Fine border plant bearing heavy crops of pure white double flowers in early summer. Large plants 20c.

Carnation, Tausendschon. Tall,

growing, semi-hardy, large flowers in shades of pink. Large plants 20c.

Calamintha, spreading rock plant about six inches high carrying many sprays of small rich purple flowers. Long blooming season and very fragrant. Evergreen.

Cerastium, Tomentosum, Snow in Summer, silver-green foliage, retains its color in winter in the border or on rock walls. Dense masses of white flowers early in the spring, gives it its common name.

Columbine, Mrs. Scott Elliot, long spurred hybrids, mixed colors.

Carpathian Harebell, another creeping rockery or border plant of great value. Throws up a tuft of bright green leaves covered, over a long season, with cup-shaped blue flowers on eight inch stems.

Coreopsis, large golden flowers on long stems, fine for cutting, blossoms all summer if cut. 15c and 5c.

Delphiniums, one of the most popular of the hardy perennials. The strain we grow is the result of careful hybridizing with the ever popular Wrexham as the foundation. Bloom in June and July and if the tops are then removed, will give a second crop of flowers in September. Some of our plants reach a height of eight feet. They come in colors running from light blue to deep blue with shadings of lavender and purple.

Doronicum, one of the most effective of the early spring flowers. Bright yellow daisy-like blossoms on long stiff stems. Good for clumps or borders.

Eryngium, Sea Holly, branching heads of blue thistle-like flowers on two to three foot stems. Attractive in garden and may be cut and dried for winter bouquets.

Edelweis, low growing rock plant. Leaves and star-like flowers are covered with a wooly fuzz that gives the plant a gray appearance.

Euphorbia, Milkwort, a tall growing plant with small white flowers on spreading branches. Used much as filler in bouquets.

Gailardia, large showy, dark red and yellow long stemmed flowers, 15c and 5c.

Gypsophila, Baby's Breath. Many very small flowers, much used as boquet filler. 25c.

Gypsophila, Bristol Fairy. Double white flowers, 60c.

Heuchera, Coral Bell. From a tuft of evergreen leaves arise tall graceful stems bearing clusters of pink flowers 20c

Helleborus, Christmas Rose. Evergreen foliage, white flowers late in winter, 60c.

Helianthemum, rock or sun rose, evergreen rockery or border plant 12 inches high, covered, during the summer,

with white or pink flowers shaped like a small single rose. Either color.

Incarvillea, hardy gloxinia. Large, deep rose colored flowers in June on spike two feet high. A decided novelty.

Linum, Perennial Flax, lovely blue flowers on 20 inch high airy ornamental plant.

Liatris, Kansas Gayfeather, a mid-summer and fall bloomer with tall spikes covered with many purple blossoms. Very odd but attractive novelty. 25c.

Lupins, long spikes of sweet-pea shaped flowers in shades of blue and pink, blooming over a long season.

Polyanthus. Grown from seed imported several years ago from England. Very large flowers on 8 inch stems from January on. We have these in various shades of red, red and yellow, and yellow. Four, all different, 50.

Peruvian Lily. This is not a liliun, but a fleshy rooted perennial that forms clumps of three foot high plants bearing many yellow, cup-shaped flowers over a long period in summer. One of the most attractive perennials, but resents being moved, so plan carefully before planting. 25c.

Platycodon, (Balloon Flower,) the balloon shaped buds open into beautiful cup-shape white or blue blossoms.

Poppy, (Oriental,) immense brilliant orange and black flowers on long stems, blooming in early summer. 15c and 10c.

Primula, evergreen rosettes of thick leaves thru which flower stems six inches high arise. Flowers are in clusters and come in shades of red and yellow.

Pyrethum, Painted Daisy. The long stems, bearing wide-open daisy-like florets in a variety of colors, make ideal cut flowers.

Rudbeckia (Golden Glow,) grows five to seven feet high with large golden flowers, increases rapidly and makes a fine background.

Sword or Dagger Fern. The native fern found growing wild in the forests of Washington and Oregon and sold by the millions to eastern and mid-western florists. Collected specimens 25c.

Stokesia, Stokes Aster. Large, rich blue, aster-like flowers on branching stems 20 inches tall over a long season.

Sidalcea. Graceful stems up to 4 feet, bearing many rose colored, hollyhock-like flowers.

Spirea, Ulmaria. The true double Meadow Sweet. Creamy white double flowers on 20 inch stems in early summer. A beauty, 20c.

Saponaria, dwarf trailing plant, covered thru summer with a blanket of small pink flowers.

Thalictrum, Adiantifolium. Plumes

of small whitish flowers. Used in bouquet work.

Trillium. The Wake Robin of the Puget Sound forests. Three petaled white flowers, very early in spring. 15c.

Valeriana, Garden Heliotrope, from a mass of broad leaves arise tall stiff stems bearing numerous heads of rose-tinted white flowers in July. Fragrant.

Veronica, Incana, Speedwell, a close growing mass of gray-green leaves from which spring several 12 to 18 inch spikes covered with many small blue flowers from July until frost.

Vinca, Periwinkle, or Trailing Myrtle, likes a shady place where it spreads and makes a good ground cover. Evergreen leaves with large bell-shaped blue flowers.

Viola, **Oriental**. Strong growing, most prolific. Deep purple-violet, long stems, long season.

Viola Odorata, the long stemmed fragrant violet that has such a long blooming season in coast gardens.

Viola, long stems bearing white flowers and blooming all summer if kept cut.

Lupin—Georgian Pink.

A long blooming hardy perennial of our own originating. Established plants produce many three foot tall spikes of beautiful pink flowers from Decoration Day on. Many times a fall crop may be harvested. Plants 25c.

Hardy Phlox

This family of plants has grown increasingly popular with garden lovers during the past few years. They are tall growing perennials. Small plants soon grow into specimen size. Specimen plants 25c, smaller sizes 15c.

Miss Lingard, long season, blooming white with faint pink centers. Very popular.

Rose Gem. Rosy pink, medium size florets, on a somewhat pointed head.

Gefion, medium height plant, very large light lavender flowers.

Rosalind, finely shaped deep pink flower heads on a tall stem.

Ethel Pritchard, tall, strong grower, mauve color with strong bluish tints.

Fuerbrand, Fireglow, long blooming orange scarlet.

Rising Sun, medium tall, large white florets with brilliant red centers.

General Petrain, about the reddest of the phloxes.

Phlox, Subulata, very early spring. Masses of rose-pink flowers above spreading, moss-like foliage. Likes a dry place in the rock garden or border. Evergreen.

Hardy 'Mums

Several years ago we had an attack of Chrysanthemumitis. Like Gladitis, Tulipitis, Peonyitis or any other itis, affecting flower fans, the only cure is to get the plants and grow them. We did, with the result that we offer the following at 25c and 15c per plant, depending on size.

We list only those varieties which are early enough to bloom in our climate.

Give Chrysanthemums plenty of room as they spread rapidly. If you will disbud early you will be surprised at the large size attained by some of the hardy varieties.

Adironda, mid season, medium size gold, ends of petals tipped red.

Alice Howell, long petaled, orange and bronze.

Brick, a small red flower.

Brune Poitevine, large, full flowers, dark brownish red with some petals much lighter and tipped golden.

Erma Linda. A mid-season, medium size, full pink.

L'Argentuilais, an early and profuse bloomer; full flowers of light red tipped and shaded gold.

Lucifer. Medium tall, button type in yellow with red edgings.

Mitzi. Masses of small, clear yellow flowers on tall stems.

Mrs. Harrison, very fine, full flowers in light pink.

Old Homestead, pink with buff shadings.

Ouray, pom pom, closely set petals build up a full flower in beautiful bronze shade.

October Gold, very free blooming, golden yellow of large size.

Pink Doty. Very tall, full pink, in mid-season.

September Queen. A low growing plant covered early in the season with large white flowers.

Vivid, pom pom, deep rose-pink with prominent golden button.

White Doty, large flowers, pure white on tall stems.

Special Collection of Long Spurred Columbines.

Several years ago we began selecting and hybridizing a strain of long spurred Columbines. We now have a limited stock of heavy three year old plants, ready for their second dividing this spring. Visitors have declared this planting to be the finest they have ever seen. If you get your order in early we will send you four all different, division plants for 75c. Colors run from wine thru pinks, yellows and blues.

Lilyan Pink Poppy.

This is our own creation, (the result of hundreds of crosses,) an absolutely new oriental poppy that has been tested thru four blooming seasons. It is hardy, produces many large flowers of the true oriental type but of a new and beautiful shade of brilliant, but soft, pink. A large pure black center adds a striking contrast. Stock is limited. Price per plant, 25c.

Azaleas.

These early spring-blooming shrubs are at home in the Puget Sound country. They like partial shade and must be given an acid soil. Plant very early in spring or wait until late fall.

Mollis, the Chinese Azalea. A dwarf shrub covered in early spring with a blanket of blossoms running largely to salmon-pink and orange shades. Large plants that will bloom this season, \$1.00. Smaller plants at 50c and 75c.

Sshlippenbachi. A later bloomer than Mollis. Broad bronzy-green leaves with many pink and lavender-pink blossoms. 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Hybrid Seedlings. These have not yet bloomed and you will have to take chances on color—but all Azaleas are beautiful and many of these may be top-notchers. 40c, 60c and 75c.

English Holly.

As an ornamental or a source of profit thru sale of berries, the English Holly cannot be excelled. We have six foot trees that bore a crop of berries last year.

Our stock was propagated from a tree here at Blaine that has a fine record for year after year production of large quantities of berried sprays. Several transplantings have given them a much better root system than is usually found on such stock. Trees are balled and burlaped but transportation is not prepaid. 18 inch trees, \$1.00; 24 inch, \$1.50; 36 inch, \$2.50; 48 inch, \$3.00; 60 inch, \$5.00.

Emeline Manning Early

"A few lines about last year's Gladioli. All of them in perfect bloom. Yes, I have some favorites; beautiful Yakima Apricot and Commander Koehl. Thank you for Emeline Manning you sent with my order. Beautiful Emeline Manning! It was the first of my Glads to open its buds. Ophelia Rose would have been the name for it. My Glads were the envy of my neighbors, and all this glory in spite of sandy soil. The Edelweiss did fine. I did not know they would grow here in the U. S. A." Mrs. J. M., Seattle.

Better Peonies

A Peony in Illinois has been blooming for 136 years.

In selecting a place for planting, be sure you are getting it where you want it—they do not like to be moved.

Dig a big hole and fill it in with good soil. Place the root so the buds are not more than two inches below the surface. Do not let flowers form the first year.

Large, well balanced roots.

Plant September to April.

Unless otherwise noted, prices are 30c each or three of a kind, 75c.

Adolphe Rosseau, one of the best of the early dark red kinds, large flowers on strong stems, dark green foliage with a tinge of red on the stems

Avalanche, Globular flower of snow white with tips of petals slightly edged with carmine. Later than Festiva Maxima

Benjamin Franklin, early mid-season rose type flower of brilliant crimson with dark shading at base of petals.

Cherry Hill, mid season, semi-double of a peculiar garnet red colored unlike any other Peony we grow. 60c.

Chestine Gowdy, late mid-season, considered the best of the cone-shaped peonies. Guards of silvery-pink surrounding a tier of creamy-yellow petals, while the centre is a ball of pink.

Clara DeBoise, immense, soft pink, ball-like flower, tipped silver. 50c.

Chas. McKillip, midseason, semi-rose form. Bright red of American Beauty shade. Large, loosely built.

Eugene Bigot, very late, deep red—one of the best late kinds.

Festiva Maxima, the most popular of the white varieties. Large with center petals tipped red.

Karl Rosenfield, mid-season, ball-like flower of velvety crimson, one of the best red kinds. 60c.

Lady Alexander Duff, mid-season, large, flat, semi-double. Delicate shadings of pink and white with yellow stamens giving it a golden halo. One of the very finest. 60c.

Marie Crousse, medium size, mid-season to late, delicate shell pink bordering on salmon. A distinct and beautiful self-color.

Martha Bulloch, very large, cupped, rose-type. Silver-pink at the edges shading to rose-pink center. One of the largest and finest. \$1.00.

Mary Brand, another very fine mid-season crimson, with a silvery sheen that gives it great brilliance.

Mme Ducel, bomb-type, mid-season to late. Large Chrysanthemum like flower of deep pink with silver reflex. A fine old-time sort.

Milton Hill, pale lilac-rose with opalescent tints of salmon. Large, mid-season bloomer of finest quality. \$1.00.

Mons Jules Elie, early globular-crown type. Flowers are so large that it is best to stake the plant. One of the very best.

Octavie Demay, coming next in season after the Officinalis sorts, this light pink, crown-type flower is very welcome. Dwarf plant producing large flowers on rather short stems.

Officinalis Rubra Plena, the big bright red peony that is almost sure to produce its wealth of bloom at Decoration Day.

Phillippe Rivoire, not so large as some, but considered the most "finished" red Peony in the world. Deep red on long, strong stems. A new kind that rates high. \$1.50.

Reine Hortense, sometimes called President Taft, a very large, flat, semi-rose-type flower of hydrangea pink with the center petals flecked carmine. Tall, strong, mid-season. 50c.

Solange, in form this is a perfect rose type of large size, coming in mid-season. Its color is a creamy-white with decided "tea", or brownish shadows. One of the highest rated peonies in the world. \$1.00.

Therese, rated just two points, out of ten, less than perfect, this flower occupies with Solange and LeCynge the top step of the Peony ladder. Large, rose type that later opens a high, cupped center. Color is uniform light violet-rose, shading to lilac white. \$1.00.

Rhododendrons

Hybrids in shades of red and pink. Strong, bushy plants three to six years old. The smaller sizes at 50c and 75c each. Larger ones, showing buds, at \$1.00 to \$1.50. Balled for shipment but not prepaid.

Say it with Bulbs and Plants. They make fine birthday or other anniversary presents. We will send them, with your card enclosed, so as to reach your friends on any date.

Let us know if you want our fall catalog listing Lilies, Tulips, Narcissi, Hyacinths and other fall planted bulbs. Glad to sent it. Many new items this year.

Washington Gladolus Society

Every garden fan should join. Annual dues includes membership in the American Gladiolus Society, subscription to the Monthly Gladiolus Review and right to exhibit in all shows. Send applications to us

Kaylor Nurseries

Blaine, Wash.

Date.....

Ship to

At

Ship by..... Amt. Enclosed..... By.....

Do not write here. Sold by..... No.....

Shall we send our fall catalog of Tulips, Narcissi, Hyacinths, Etc?

Quantity	Size	Variety	Price
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Ornamental Shrubs

Prices quoted are for medium size plants. We have specimen sizes of most of these and will be glad to quote prices, which, in all cases, will depend upon size of plant and labor required to pack for shipment.

American Bittersweet. A hardy, woody vining plant that bears bright red berries which remain through the winter. 25c and 50c.

Berberis, Japanese Barberry, grows a bushy, pyramid-shaped shrub some four to six feet high. Bright green leaves in summer which turn red in early August. During the winter the reddish branches bear bright red berries. Plants 10c and 25c.

Berberis, Buxifolia or Box Barberry, evergreen shrub used in edgings. Small plants, 25c. Larger ones 50c.

Buddleia, Butterflybush, usually listed as a hardy perennial, but in this country grows into a tall and bushy shrub covered with long, gray-green leaves and many lilac-colored sprays of flowers. Has a perfume like honey and will bloom all summer if kept cut. 25c and 50c.

Buxus, Boxwood, slow growing, broad-leaved evergreen, much used in garden landscapes. 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Coral Berry. Graceful shrub that is evergreen on the Sound. Flowers light pink with bright red berries most of the winter, 50c.

Cotoneaster, Simonsii, bushy shrub growing up to eight feet tall and as much in diameter. Leaves fall after the first hard freeze showing gray-green branches bearing thousands of bright red berries. A brilliant outdoor winter boquet. Plants 25c and 50c. Large plants, not prepaid, \$1.50.

Cotoneaster, Horizontalis. Fine for rock gardens. Spreading branches with brilliant green leaves and bright red berries, the berries remaining on the plant until spring. 50c to \$1.00.

Forsythia, Golden Bell. Bushy plants growing to ten feet. Covered with golden yellow flowers very early in the spring. 25c, 50c and 75c.

Hydrangea. Many large ball-like blue flowers in early summer, 25c and 50c.

Heather, a small leaved, medium sized evergreen shrub carrying many sprays of small white flowers in mid-winter. Plants 25c and 50c.

Kolkwitzia, Beauty Bush. Will grow 6 to 8 feet tall and equally as wide. Makes a fine showing in June when covered with loads of trumpet shaped pink flowers. Small plants only, 40c.

Lavendar, bushy plants, very ornamental in the garden and from which sprays of leaves and blossoms may be

cut for perfuming clothing stored in boxes or drawers. Plants 25c and 50c.

Snowberry, Grows to five feet, of spreading habit. Small pinkish-white flowers followed by snow-white round berries in clusters. 25c and 50c.

Hardy Lilies.

Lily bulbs may be planted in the spring provided the work is done early, so please do not delay your orders. This is true of all except *Candidum* which must be planted in July and August.

Large bulbs 25c, 10 for \$2.00. Medium, blooming size, 20c, 10 for \$1.50; planting size, 10 for \$1.00.

Phillipense Formosanum, the new fall blooming Lily from Formosa. Very long white trumpets with pink shadings. Blooms after all others are gone.

Elegans-Umbellatum. These two varieties are so much alike, we have given up trying to draw a line between them. Easy to grow. Height 18 to 30 inches with four to six large cup-shaped orange flowers. Bloom in June. Plant seven inches deep September to March 15.

Henryi, sometimes called the Yellow *Speciosum* which it resembles in growing habit. Flowers are orange yellow with brownish spots

Regal. The most universally grown and popular lily in commerce. Does well everywhere if planted seven inches deep in well drained soil. Large, trumpet-shaped flowers of creamy white with a golden throat and light maroon back. Ten to twenty flowers to each stem and blooms in July. Plant seven inches deep November to April.

Shade Trees.

American Elm. The greatest of American shade trees, growing to immense size. Four foot trees, 50c; six foot trees 75c. Not prepaid.

American Black Walnut. Slower grower than the elm, but reaches the same large size and beauty. Same price as the elm.

Sycamore, grows to large size. Very large leaves, clean trunk and branches with bark somewhat resembling Birch. Four foot, 50c. Not prepaid.

Virginia Juniper. Pyramid shaped trees reaching a height of forty feet. Dense foliage which in early spring is a fresh blue-green and in winter takes on a bronze cast. Fifteen inch, 50c; two or more feet, 75c. Not prepaid.

Radio Special Glad Collection \$1.00

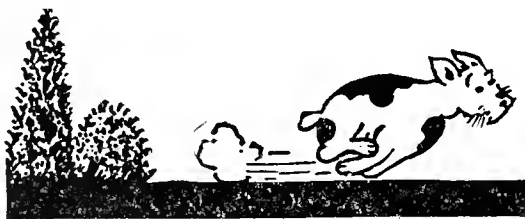
Each year since its introduction, this Gladoli collection has grown in favor with our customers. Many letters from more than satisfied purchasers are in our files. The collection consists of five medium sized bulbs, each, of ten fine varieties. Each variety is wrapped and labeled separately and with each collection we enclose a bulb of one of our originations free. The collection of 51 bulbs sells for \$1.00, postage paid.

Early Order Cash Coupon

Good for the following amounts when applied to orders received by us before March 10, 1936.

25 cents cash on orders of \$3.00.
50 cents cash on orders of \$5.00.
75 cents cash on orders of \$7.50.
\$1.00 cash on orders of \$10.00.
\$1.50 cash on orders of \$15.00.
\$2.00 cash on orders of \$20.00.

Here's a chance to make a saving for yourself and help us get the orders out of the way of the April and May rush.



"DOGZOFF"

If you are bothered with dogs, cats or rabbits, "Dogzoff" is the spray you need. It is a most efficient animal repellant and one spraying will last from three to four weeks. Not poisonous to plants and will not injure animals. Not offensive to humans. Its use is guaranteed to keep these animals from any place where they are not wanted.

"Dogzoff" is applied with any small insect sprayer and one application usually does the work.

"Dogzoff" will save its cost many times over around the garden and home.

PRICE FOR SEASON'S SUPPLY **69c** PRE-PAID

Puget Golden A New Sweet Corn

Puget Sound Sweet Corn was developed by us in a search for a larger eared Golden Bantam. A few days later than Bantam, but much better in every other way. Pound 40c.

Choice Flower Seed

Harvested from our own selected plants and guaranteed to be last season's crop. Large packages 10c each. Any three for 25c. Any eight for 50c.

Mrs. Scott Elliot Hybrid Columbine.

Lupin from a very fine lot of hybrids.

Delphinium. We are especially proud of our Delphiniums and this seed is from our best plants. Blue and lavender shades.

Regal Lily. Harvested from plants that bear 15 or more flowers each. Very fine strain.

Order Colchicum Bulbs Before August 1. 15c Each.

Colchicum, also called Fall Crocus. Blooms in August whether in the ground or lying on a window sill, without soil or water. We have had as high as twenty flowers from one large bulb. Plant out doors in the early fall. They throw up a beautiful plant early in the spring. This dies down in June to be followed by the flowers in the late summer.

Some Collection Bargains

If you have never grown German Iris here is a chance to start at low cost in these beautiful May and June flowers. Twenty roots of at least ten good early to late kinds, not labeled, \$1.25.

Twenty roots of at least fifteen kinds, each labeled, \$1.75. You will never beat this.

Ten all different large peony roots, labeled, a wide range of colors, \$2.50.

Any ten 20c Dahlias, your selection, \$1.75. Any twenty 20c Dahlias, \$3.00.